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			VAN DORI	VAN DOREN, BETH	
	os Angeles, CA 90025		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
-			3623	14	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/503,960	RATTERMAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
, A	Beth Van Doren	3623				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute.  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timy within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE.	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 Se	eptember 2003.					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☒ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12,14-18 and 21-39</u> is/are pending in the application.						
· -	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) 1-12, 14-18, and 21-39 is/are rejected	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-12, 14-18, and 21-39</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		• • •				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	·					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> </ul>	s have been received.	, , , , ,				
Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau     See the attached detailed Office action for a list	rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ed in this National Stage				
<ul> <li>13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti since a specific reference was included in the firs 37 CFR 1.78.</li> <li>a) The translation of the foreign language pro</li> </ul>	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(est sentence of the specification or	e) (to a provisional application) in an Application Data Sheet.				
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific						
reference was included in the first sentence of th	e specification or in an Applicatio	n Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.				
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		(PTO-413) Paper No(s)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)  6) Other:						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 09/11/03 has been entered.
- 2. The following is a non-final office action in response to the request for continued examination received on 09/11/03. Claims 1-8, 9-12, 14-18, and 21 have been amended. Claims 22-39 have been added. Claims 1-12, 14-18, and 21-39 are now pending in this application.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

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Claims #-# are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Epinions.com.

Applicant is reminded that this is a rejection over the services made available through the website Epinions.com. The following publications are used to support the rejection set forth below:

Various archived web pages of Epinions.com acquired from webarchive.org
(WayBackMachine) ranging from Nov. 27, 1999 to Jan. 22, 2000 on pages 1-18 and 21-28.

Nick Patience in "Epinions Launches Online Shopping Guide Built on Trust" from Sept. 1, 1999 on pages 19-20.

4. As per claim 1, Epinions.com teaches a method comprising:

associating one or more characteristic values with each user of a plurality of users, the one or more characteristic values representing an individual rating associated with each user (See pages 2-5, 9-11, and 19, paragraph 3, wherein a characteristic value is maintained for each user, a user being rated as very useful or useful); and

deriving one or more community ratings uniquely corresponding to a particular user utilizing the one or more characteristic values associated with each user of the plurality of users related to the one or more characteristic values associated with the particular user (See at least pages 9 and 10, wherein a community rating is derived using the web of trust and reviews of the user's opinion by community members. The community ratings uniquely correspond to the user and use one or more rating values associated with the user. For example, a community rating is seen on the bottom of page 10, where the 11/22/99 review of Bonies7 is considered very useful by the community).

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5. As per claim 2, Epinions.com teaches a method further comprising an electronic community to trade merchandise over a network, wherein the trading of the merchandise comprises buying or selling of goods or services (See at least pages 1, 6, and 9-11, wherein the electronic community is a community that trades the merchandise of services over the network).

- 6. As per claim 3, Epinions.com teaches a method wherein the network comprises the Internet (See pages 1 and 19, wherein epinions.com is a internet based tool).
- 7. As per claim 4, Epinions.com teaches a method wherein the one or more characteristic values comprise a feedback value based on feedback concerning the particular user received from other users of the plurality of users in the electronic community (See pages 9-13 and 19, paragraphs 1-3, wherein each customer can rate and share recommendations and users rate the reviewers and their reviews).
- 8. As per claim 5, Epinions.com teaches a method wherein the other users of the plurality of users comprise users that have previously traded merchandise with the particular user (See at least pages 9-13 and page 19, sections 1-3, wherein the feedback is written by customers who have traded services with the user previously, wherein the user is rated as very useful, useful, etc. See page 9, which lists the plurality of users that "trust" the user).
- 9. As per claim 6, Epinions.com teaches a method further comprising maintaining a relationship tree between each user of the plurality of users, the relationship tree includes sponsorships between the particular user and any users of the plurality of users that were sponsored by the particular user (See at least page 9, wherein, for example, Bonies7 web of trust shows her relationship with other users. The system maintains this relationship structure of users that back the opinion of the specific user).

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10. As per claim 7, Epinions.com teaches a method wherein the sponsorship relationships of the plurality of users are represented as a relationship tree including one or more n-ary trees (See at least page 9, wherein, for example, Bonies7 web of trust shows her relationship with other users. The system maintains this relationship structure of users that back the opinion of the specific user. So if Bonies7 is trusted by a hypothetical Joe and Joe is trusted by a hypothetical Sarah, that is a n-ary web or tree of trust).

- 11. As per claim 8, Epinions.com teaches a method wherein information concerning the sponsorship relationships between the plurality of users is stored in a data structure for each user of the plurality of users (See at least page 9, wherein, for example, Bonies7 web of trust shows her relationship with other users. The system maintains this relationship structure of users that back the opinion of the specific user. Furthermore, see page 6 which discusses sponsorship of members).
- 12. As per claim 14, Epinions.com teaches a machine-readable medium having stored thereon data representing sets of instructions which, when executed by a machine, cause the machine to:

associate one or more characteristic values with each user of a plurality of user, the one or more characteristic values representing an individual rating associated with each user (See pages 2-5, 9-11, and 19, paragraph 3, wherein a characteristic value is maintained for each user, a user being rated as very useful or useful); and

derive one or more community ratings for a particular user by utilizing the one or more characteristic values associated with the particular user (See at least pages 9 and 10, wherein a community rating is derived using the web of trust and reviews of the user's opinion by

community members. The community ratings uniquely correspond to the user and use one or more rating values associated with the user. For example, a community rating is seen on the bottom of page 10, where the 11/22/99 review of Bonies7 is considered very useful by the community).

- 13. As per claim 15, Epinions.com teaches a machine-readable medium further comprising an electronic community for the buying and selling of merchandise over a network, the merchandise having at least one of goods and services (See at least pages 1, 6, and 9-11, wherein the electronic community is a community that trades the merchandise of services over the network).
- 14. As per claims 16 and 17, claims 16 and 17 are computer readable medium versions of the method of claims 4 and 6, respectively, and are therefore rejected using the same art and rationale as the method of claims 4 and 6, respectively.
- 15. As per claim 21, Epinions.com teaches a machine-readable medium wherein the one or more community ratings for the particular user represent a reputation value corresponding to the particular user (See at least pages 9-11, wherein the rating for the user represents a reputation value of the user as useful, very useful, etc.).
- 16. As per claim 22, Epinions.com teaches a method comprising:

associating a first characteristic value with a first user of a plurality of users within an electronic community for trading merchandise, the first characteristic value is obtained for the first user by utilizing a first feedback value based on feedback received concerning the first user from other users of the plurality of users (See pages 2-5, 9-11, and 19, paragraph 3, wherein a characteristic value is maintained for each user, a user being rated as very useful or useful, etc...

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See pages 9-13 and 19, paragraphs 1-3, wherein each customer can rate and share recommendations and users rate the reviewers and their reviews);

associating a second characteristic value with a second user of a plurality of users, wherein the second user is sponsored by the first user and the second characteristic value is obtained for the second user by utilizing a second feedback value based on feedback received concerning the second user from other users of the plurality of users (See pages 2-5, 9-11, and 19, paragraph 3, wherein a characteristic value is maintained for each user, a user being rated as very useful or useful, etc.. See pages 9-13 and 19, paragraphs 1-3, wherein each customer can rate and share recommendations and users rate the reviewers and their reviews. The system maintains a relationship structure of users that back the opinion of each user. Furthermore, see page 6 which discusses sponsorship of members); and

deriving a first community rating for the first user by aggregating the first characteristic value and the second characteristic value (See page 8, wherein a first community user is deemed an expert by the quality and quantity of his/her reviews as well as the rating he/she gives other members. See also pages 2-5, 9-13, and 19, wherein the web of trust shows who the user trusts (or backs) and who trusts (or backs) him/her. Therefore, the community rating is made up of the relationship of the user to other users in the community and his/her rating).

17. As per claim 23, Epinions.com teaches a method further comprising deriving a second community rating for the second user by utilizing the second characteristic value (See at least pages 9 and 10, wherein a community rating is derived using the web of trust and reviews of the user's opinion by community members. The community ratings uniquely correspond to the user and use one or more rating values associated with the user. For example, a community rating is

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seen on the bottom of page 10, where the 11/22/99 review of Bonies7 is considered very useful by the community).

- 18. As per claim 24, Epinions.com teaches a method further comprising maintaining a relationship tree between the first user and the second user of the plurality of users (See at least page 9, wherein, for example, Bonies7 web of trust shows her relationship with other users. The system maintains this relationship structure of users that back the opinion of the specific user).
- 19. As per claim 25, Epinions.com discloses a method wherein the relationship tree comprises a sponsorship relationship having the second user as a lineal descendant of the first user (See at least page 9, wherein, for example, Bonies7 web of trust shows her relationship with other users. The system maintains this relationship structure of users that back the opinion of the specific user. See also page 6 which discusses sponsorship of members).
- 20. As per claim 26, Epinions.com discloses a method wherein the relationship tree comprises a nexus between the first user, the second user, and other users sponsored by at least one of the first user and the second user (See at least page 9, wherein, for example, Bonies7 web of trust shows her relationship with other users. The system maintains this relationship structure of connected and linked users that back the opinion of the specific user. See also page 6 which discusses sponsorship of members).
- 21. As per claim 27, Epinions.com discloses a method wherein the first community rating comprises a first reputation value corresponding to the first user, and the second community rating comprises a second reputation value corresponding to the second user (See at least pages 9-11, wherein the rating for the user represents a reputation value of the user as useful, very useful, etc. This is done for each member/user in the community).

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22. As per claim 28, Epinions.com teaches a machine-readable medium having stored thereon data representing sets of instructions which, when executed by a machine, cause the machine to:

associating a first characteristic value with a first user of a plurality of users within an electronic community for trading merchandise, the first characteristic value is obtained for the first user by utilizing a first feedback value based on feedback received concerning the first user from other users of the plurality of users (See pages 2-5, 9-11, and 19, paragraph 3, wherein a characteristic value is maintained for each user, a user being rated as very useful or useful, etc.. See pages 9-13 and 19, paragraphs 1-3, wherein each customer can rate and share recommendations and users rate the reviewers and their reviews);

associating a second characteristic value with a second user of a plurality of users, wherein the second user is sponsored by the first user and the second characteristic value is obtained for the second user by utilizing a second feedback value based on feedback received concerning the second user from other users of the plurality of users (See pages 2-5, 9-11, and 19, paragraph 3, wherein a characteristic value is maintained for each user, a user being rated as very useful or useful, etc.. See pages 9-13 and 19, paragraphs 1-3, wherein each customer can rate and share recommendations and users rate the reviewers and their reviews. The system maintains a relationship structure of users that back the opinion of each user. Furthermore, see page 6 which discusses sponsorship of members);

deriving a first community rating for the first user by aggregating the first characteristic value and the second characteristic value (See page 8, wherein a first community user is deemed an expert by the quality and quantity of his/her reviews as well as the rating he/she gives other

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members. See also pages 2-5, 9-13, and 19, wherein the web of trust shows who the user trusts (or backs) and who trusts (or backs) him/her. Therefore, the community rating is made up of the relationship of the user to other users in the community and his/her rating); and

deriving a second community rating for the second user by utilizing the second characteristic value (See at least pages 9 and 10, wherein a community rating is derived using the web of trust and reviews of the user's opinion by community members. The community ratings uniquely correspond to the user and use one or more rating values associated with the user. For example, a community rating is seen on the bottom of page 10, where the 11/22/99 review of Bonies7 is considered very useful by the community).

23. As per claims 29-32, claims 29-32 are computer readable medium versions of the method of claims 24-27, respectively, and are therefore rejected using the same art and rationale as the method of claims 24-27, respectively.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 24. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 25. Claims 11-12 and 33-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Epinions.com.

Applicant is reminded that this is a rejection over the services made available through the

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website Epinions.com. The following publications are used to support the rejection set forth below:

Various archived web pages of Epinions.com acquired from webarchive.org (WayBackMachine) ranging from Nov. 27, 1999 to Jan. 22, 2000 on pages 1-18 and 21-28.

Nick Patience in "Epinions Launches Online Shopping Guide Built on Trust" from Sept. 1, 1999 on pages 19-20.

26. As per claim 11, Epinions.com teaches a method with one or more community ratings and one or more characteristic values (See at least pages 2-5, 9-11, and 19). However, Epinions.com does not expressly disclose that these ratings and values comprise numerical values.

Epinions.com teaches a system that rates users on a scale with Very useful as the highest rating, followed by useful, etc. It is old and well known in the art that many rating schemes use numerical values and that numerical values are more objective and easier to manipulate and understand. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use numeric instead of verbal ratings in order to more efficiently represent the value of a user's opinion through the use of more objective and measurable values.

As per claim 12, Epinions.com teaches a method wherein the one or more community ratings comprise an aggregate of the one or more characteristic values associated with each user of the plurality of users that is a lineal descendant of the particular user and the one or more characteristic values associated with the particular user (See at least pages 2-5, 9-11, and 19, wherein, for example, Bonies7 web of trust shows her relationship with other users. The system

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maintains this relationship structure and presents the community ratings based on the combinations of the users linked with Bonies7).

28. As per claim 33, Epinions.com teaches a system, comprising:

computers that interact over a network such as the internet (See pages 1 and 19, wherein epinions.com is a internet based tool);

maintaining profile/account information of the users as well as the ratings of the opinions and users (See pages 3, 5, 6-7, 10, and 21-28, which discusses the maintenance of a profile and the displaying of past ratings);

a first computer to associate one or more characteristic values representing an individual rating associated with each user, and to derive one or more community ratings for a particular user by utilizing the one or more characteristic values associated with the particular user (See pages 2-5, 9-11, and 19, paragraph 3, wherein user rates other users using the online interface and a characteristic value is maintained for each user, a user being rated as very useful or useful. See at least pages 9 and 10, wherein a community rating is derived using the web of trust and reviews of the user's opinion by community members. The community ratings uniquely correspond to the user and use one or more rating values associated with the user. For example, a community rating is seen on the bottom of page 10, where the 11/22/99 review of Bonies7 is considered very useful by the community).

However Epinions.com does not expressly disclose a first storage medium or a first computer coupled with the first storage medium.

Epinions.com teaches an Internet based tool that allows users to maintain a profile/account as well as see the current and past reviews of products and reviewers. It is old

and well known to use a storage medium associated with a computer in order to store information, such as account and activity information, in an efficient and reliable manner.

Therefore it would have been obvious to use a storage medium coupled to a first computer in the networked system of Epinions.com in order to efficiently store and retrieve the information of the tool.

29. As per claim 34, Epinions.com teaches a system further comprising:

computers that interact over a network such as the internet (See pages 1 and 19, wherein epinions.com is a internet based tool);

maintaining profile/account information of the users as well as the ratings of the opinions and users (See pages 3, 5, 6-7, 10, and 21-28, which discusses the maintenance of a profile and the displaying of past ratings); and

a computer to receive feedback concerning the particular user from other users of the plurality of users, generate a feedback value corresponding to the particular user based on the feedback, and transmit the feedback value to the first computer (See pages 2-5, 9-11, and 19, paragraph 3, wherein a characteristic value is maintained for each user, a user being rated as very useful or useful, etc. by other users of the systems. See pages 9-13 and 19, paragraphs 1-3, wherein users can share opinions, rate the opinions of others users, and view the opinions of others via the network tool and his/her computer).

However, Epinions.com does not expressly disclose a second storage medium or a second computer coupled with the second storage medium and first computer via a network interface.

Epinions.com teaches an Internet based tool that allows users to maintain a profile/account as well as see the current and past reviews of products and reviewers. It is old

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and well known to use a storage medium associated with a computer in order to store information, such as account and activity information, in an efficient and reliable manner. It is also old and well known that a network contains multiple connected computers. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use a storage medium coupled to a second computer and a first computer in the networked system of Epinions.com in order to allow for the more efficient storage and retrieve of all the information of the tool by all users of the system. When multiple users use a website such as Epinions.com, it is old and well known that it is efficient to allow each user to use his/her computer and to use storage mediums to store the information of the system and the profile information of the users.

30. As per claim 35, Epinions.com discloses computers that interact over a network such as the Internet (See pages 1 and 19, wherein epinions.com is a internet based tool. However, Epinions.com does not expressly disclose that a first computer that comprises a server computer and the second computer that comprises a viewing computer.

Epinions.com discloses a network-based tool through which a user can receive and post opinion information, such as ratings. Using a remote computer to view information on the Internet that is received from a second computer that is a server is old and well known in the web and e-commerce arts. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the network framework of a first viewing computer and a second server computer in the network-based tool of Epinions.com in order to more efficiently allow remote users of the system to send and receive information.

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31. As per claims 36, 37, 38, and 39, claims 36, 37, 38, and 39 are system versions of claims 17, 4, 2, and 3, respectively, and are therefore rejected using the same art and rationale as the method of claims 17, 4, 2, and 3, respectively.

- 32. Claims 9-10 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Epinions.com in view of Aho et al. (*Data Structures and Algorithms*).
- 33. As per claim 9, Epinions.com teaches a method wherein information concerning the sponsorship relationships between the plurality of users is stored in a data structure for each user of the plurality of users (See at least page 9, wherein, for example, Bonies7 web of trust shows her relationship with other users. The system maintains this relationship structure of users that back the opinion of the specific user. Furthermore, see page 6 that discusses sponsorship of members). However, Epinions.com does not expressly disclose that the data structure for the particular user contains a pointer to the at least one user of the plurality of users that was sponsored by the particular user.

Aho et al. teaches a data structure that contains a pointer to the at least one member of a plurality of members (See at least page 87 and figure 3.12, in which the data structure contains a pointer which shows the relationship).

Both Epinions.com and Aho et al. disclose structured relationships of members. It is old and well known in the art to use pointers to show the relationship between entities. For example, in Aho et al.'s book "Data Structures and Algorithms" the use of pointers is shown in figure 3.12 in the data structure to show the relationship between the users (see page 87). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use

pointers in the data structures in order to allow one to quickly and accurately determine a users sponsorship and others in their web of trust.

34. As per claim 10, Epinions.com teaches a method wherein one or more community ratings for the particular user is derived (See at least pages 9 and 10). However, Epinions.com does not expressly disclose that the one or more community ratings is derived utilizing a recursive routine.

Aho et al. discloses using recursive routines in data structures (See page 76).

Recursive routines are old and well known as efficient ways to manipulate the values of structured data. The reviews of Epinions.com are associated in a web of trust, which is a data structure linking members and members rating in a structured manner to derive overall reviews for a user. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use a recursive routine when deriving one or more community rating for a user in order to more efficiently program and manipulate the information stored about the user ratings in the web of trust.

35. As per claim 18, Epinions.com teaches one or more community ratings and one or more characteristic values and that the one or more community ratings comprise an aggregate of the one or more characteristic values associated with each user of the plurality of users that is a lineal descendant of the particular user and the one or more characteristic values associated with the particular user (See at least pages 2-5, 9-11, and 19, wherein, for example, Bonies7 web of trust shows her relationship with other users. The system maintains this relationship structure and presents the community ratings based on the combinations of the users linked with Bonies7).

However, Epinions.com does not expressly disclose that these ratings and values comprise numerical values or the use of a recursive routine.

Aho et al. discloses using recursive routines in data structures (See page 76). However, while Aho et al. manipulates numerical values, Aho et al. does not expressly disclose that ratings and values comprise numerical values.

Recursive routines are old and well known as efficient ways to manipulate the values of structured data. The reviews of Epinions.com are associated in a web of trust, which is a data structure linking members and members rating in a structured manner to derive overall reviews for a user. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use a recursive routine when deriving one or more community rating for a user in order to more efficiently program and manipulate the information stored about the user ratings in the web of trust.

Furthermore, Epinions.com teaches a system that rates users on a scale with Very useful as the highest rating, followed by useful, etc. It is old and well known in the art that many rating schemes use numerical values and that numerical values are more objective and easier to manipulate and understand. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use numeric instead of verbal ratings in order to more efficiently represent the value of a user's opinion through the use of more objective and measurable values.

# Response to Arguments

36. Applicant's argument with regards to the rejections based on Epinions.com (web pages acquired from webarchive.org (WayBackMachine) and the Nick Patience article "Epinions Launches Online Shopping Guide Built on Trust") has been fully considered but it is not persuasive. In the remarks, Applicant argues that Epinions.com does not teach or suggest rating a particular user, e.g., deriving one or more community ratings for a particular user.

In response to Applicant's argument, Examiner respectfully disagrees. Epinions.com obtains at least one community rating for the particular user based on the responses of the community to that particular user. First, a web of trust is established representing the community members who trust the particular member, the web of trust (such as shown on page 9) being a community ranking that represents one or more characteristic values of quality expressed by other users of the system (i.e. these users have given the particular user high values independently and have therefore been grouped as a community for ranking purposes). Second. a community rating that represents the community's overall opinion towards a the particular user is derived, as shown for example on the bottom of page 10, where the 11/22/99 review of Bonies 7 is considered very useful by the community. Finally, a community rating that labels a particular user as an expert is derived using the opinion of the particular user (the quality and quantity of the particular user's opinions) as well as the particular user's rating of other users' review and the other users' reviews of the particular user's ratings. These other users are both linked to the particular user as well as not linked to the particular user. Examiner suggests that if something more specific is meant than these three examples of "community ratings", it should be clearly recited in the claim limitations.

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37. Applicant's arguments with regards to the rejections based on Scharber (U.S. 6,374,290)

have been fully considered but they are moot in view of the new rejections established above.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Beth Van Doren whose telephone number is (703) 305-3882. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tariq Hafiz can be reached on (703) 305-9643. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 305-7687.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

hvd

November 12, 2003

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